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FLORA INDICA;

OR,

DESCRIPTIONS OF INDIAN PLANTS.

BY THE LATE

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ETC. ETC.

ed. Carez.

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For a purging with gripes, two of the fresh leaves are rubbed up in a little water, and given to an adult for a dose, once in twenty-four hours.

CLASS XXI.

MONOECIA MONANDRIA.

AMBROSINIA. Schreb. gen. N. 1383.

Spathe one-leaved. Calyx none. Corol none. Stamina inserted round the top of the style. Capsule many-seeded.

1. A. ciliata. Roxb.

Leaves long-petioled, lanceolar. Spathe shorter than the leaves, with a tubular base, and expanding, ciliate apex. Capsule six-celled.

Beng. Kerali.

Found on the wet banks of rivulets, ponds, and wet places in Bengal. Flowering time the hot season.

Root perennial, perpendicular, tuberous, stoloniferous with long fleshy fibres. Leaves radical, petioled, lanceolate, veinless, somewhat fleshy, from six to thirty-six inches long. Petioles, upper half cylindric, lower half sheathing; some spathaceous bractes surround their lower parts. Scapes axillary, solitary, short, somewhat compressed. Spathe, base tubular, and somewhat gibbous, middle portion cylindric, and convolute; apex expanding, sub-lanceolate; margins ciliate with a long, flexible purple filament; the lower tubular portion where the fructification is lodged is half separated by a

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Ambrosinia.

transverse membrane from the upper portion as in A. spiraie, Filaments none. Anthers numerous, sessile, surrounding the lower portion of the stigma. Germ conical, crowned, six-celled as in the ripe state. Style cylindric. Stigma oblong, apex turbinate, the lower portion surrounded with anthers. Capsule rounded, six-furrowed, and crowned with the six corresponding points of the ridges, six-celled. Seeds from six to eight in each cell, affixed by their bases to a central receptacle, each is augmented by a large spongy substance, or envelope. Embryo erect, furnished with a perisperm, and many subulate cotyledons as in Pinus.

2. A. spirale. R.

Leaves petioled, linear-lanceolate. Spathe sessile, much shorter than the leaves, twisted. Capsule five-celled, at least the germ has five distinct cells.

Arum spirale. Retz. Obs. ii. p. 30-1. Willd. iv. 486.

A native of the moist shady banks of ponds, or standing sweet water on the coast of Coromandel.

Root perennial, stoloniferous. Stem none. Leaves radical, petioled, narrow-lanceolar, smooth, from six to eight inches long, and about half an inch broad. Petioles sheathing. Scapes scarcely any. Spathe axillary, about as long as the petioles of the leaves, the lower portion, or chamber of fructification hid and shut; the upper portion thereof open at the base; above shut, and twisted, of a dark purple colour, particularly the inside, and there transversely rugose.

3. A. retrospirale. R.

Leaves linear-lanceolar. Spathe first twisted to the right, and there closed; then to the left, and there open. Capsule five-celled, five-valved.

A native of the northern parts of Bengal, it delights in a moist soil.

Root consisting of white brownish, long, fleshy fibres. Stem none., Leares petioled, linear-lanceolar, smooth, entire, from six to twelve inches long. Petioles enlarging at the base into sheaths for those within. Scape scarcely any. Spathe inverted round the base of the germ, and rising amongst the leaves to nearly the same length, below the part where the fructification is lodged a little swelled, and half hid in the earth, the next four or five inches erect, cylindric, completely closed, and twisted to the right; above this there is still about one third of the spathe which is open, and much twisted to the left, the whole of a dull green colour on the outside, and streaked with dark purple within. Corol none. Filaments none. Anthers numerous round the stigma or apex of the style, immediately below them are several, sub-cylindric glands in a verticel round the style. Pistils in the swelled base of the spathe. Germ. superior, conical, five or six-lobed, each lobe crowned with a large gland. Style cylindric. Stigma firmly united to the semi-partition, which crowns the chamber of fructification. Capsule conical, from five to six-celled, from five to six-valved, opening from the apex. Seeds a few in each cell.

It comes exceedingly near A. *spirale* in appearance, yet differing very widely from it. First, in the lower part of the spathe being closed and twisted to the right, then the upper portion to the left and open; and in the partition thereof being incomplete. Secondly, in having nectarial glands round the style beneath the anthers. Thirdly, in having a capsule of five or six cells, and a few large seeds in each.

4. A. unilocularis. R.

Stemless. Leaves linear-lanceolate. Spathe as long as the leaves, twisted. Capsule one-celled.

Teliny. Pechika, boora-gadee.

A native of Coromandel, in marshy places, and borders of lakes, where it is partly in sweet water. Flowering time the rainy season.

Root fibrous, stoloniferous. Stemless. Leaves radical, erect, ensiform, smooth, below expanding to embrace those underneath; from nine to eighteen inches long, and about one broad.

Scape axillary, short, erect, compressed, growing broader towards the apex. Spathe as long as the leaves, erect, below convolute; above the spadix twisted like a screw to a very fine, straight point; there is an horizontal partition which separates in a great measure, the upper twisted part from the gibbous part below; colour of the outside purplish, that of the inside much deeper, and beautifully spotted with darker spots. Corol none. Nectary, four or five oval, auther-like glands, crowning the top of the germ, round the style. Filament scarcely any visible. Anthers very numerous, surrounding in form of a globe the top of the style just below or even touching the partition. Pistil, in the lower convolute belly of the spathe. Germs conical. Style filiform, the length of the belly of the spathe. Its apex is firmly united to the horizontal partition above-mentioned. Pericarp ; capsule leathery, conical, one celled, one-valved. Receptacle conical. affixed at the base and apex, free round the sides. Seeds numerous.

ARUM. Schreb. gen. N. 1387.

Spathe one-leaved, cowled. Spadix or receptacle with the female florets round the base, stamineous about the middle and naked above.

SECT. I. With simple Leaves.

1. A. colocasia. Willd. iv. 481.

Stemless. Leaves peltate, ovate, repand, semi-bifid at the base. Scape shorter than the petioles. Spathe much longer than a spadix, cylindric, erect; club sub-cylindric, length of the antheriferous part of the receptacle. Anthers manycelled.

Sans. Kuchoo. Beng. Goori Kuchoo. A. Ægypticum. Rumph. Amb. v. t. 109.